

## METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR PROVIDING AN ELECTRONIC PROGRAMMING GUIDE

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Field of the Invention

5                  The present invention relates to electronic programming guides (EPGs).

#### 2. Background Art

10               It is known in the art to electronically display a television listings guide. Such guides have been used by cable, satellite, and other television service providers. The guides are commonly referred to as electronic program guides (EPGs).

15               An EPG can include an array of channels and time-slots. A cell at the intersection of each channel and time-slot provides a program title. The program title corresponds to a program that can be viewed for the indicated channel at the indicated time. The cell can be selected with a cursor or other indicating means to change the channel thereto.

20               Subscribers may desire additional program information relating to the programs, such as the name of the actors, a short summary of the plot, a running length, or other information. It is desirable that the subscriber be able to easily associate the program information with the selected cell.

25               The known EPGs prevent the subscriber from easily associating the program information with the selected cell. Known EPGs separate the program information from the selected cell by displaying it remotely therefrom, such as in another remote portion of the screen or in a separate screen. The separation creates a gap between the program information and the selected cell. The separation gap

induces a disconnect or disassociation between the selected cell and the cell information, preventing the subscriber from easily associating the program information with the selected cell.

Accordingly, there exists a need for a television listings guide that  
5 easily associates the selected cell with its program information.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to display an electronic programming guide (EPG) in a manner that easily associates a selected cell with its program information.

- 10       The present invention contemplates a number of features for providing the listings guide, including a transceiver that receives signals from a provider and outputs signals to a display. The transceiver can be a stand alone item or integrated with the display. Preferably, it is configured for a cable or satellite television provider to present the EPG.
- 15       The EPG preferably displays an array of channels and time-slots. A cell at the intersection of each channel and time-slot provides a program title. Each program title corresponds with a channel and time-slot to indicate a program showing for the channel at the indicated time. Each cell can be separately selected for displaying additional program information related thereto.
- 20       In accordance with the present invention, the EPG can include a window. The window can be fixed at an upper, lower, middle, or other position of the array. Preferably, the window covers a single cell in an upper-left portion of the array. The window can display the program title, a channel number, and/or the program information related to the selected cell.
- 25       Preferably, at least the program title in the window is magnified so that it appears larger than the program titles in the non-selected cells. The

subscriber can easily differentiate the selected (magnified) cell from the other displayed cells to facilitate its association with the displayed program information.

Preferably, the program information is displayed in the window proximate, or close to, the program title. The program information can be 5 sufficiently close to, or even adjoining, the selected cell to eliminate any disconnect or disassociation between the selected cell and the program information. The subscriber can easily associate the selected cell with its program information.

Different programs can be scrolled into the window with actuation of navigation buttons included in the EPG or a remote control. The content of the 10 non-selected cells is scrolled into the window without any re-loading or refreshing, in a seamless manner, to enhance the stylistic integrity of the listings guide and to provide the appearance of continuous navigation.

In accordance with the present invention, the window can include an auxiliary menu. The menu can include auxiliary buttons for use in performing 15 auxiliary functions relating to the selected cell. These auxiliary functions can include a back function to close the auxiliary window, a record button to record the program in the selected cell, an on-demand button to view the program in the selected cell on-demand, a record all programs button to record all programs showing on the selected cell, a go to program button to display the program in the 20 selected cell for full-screen viewing, a reminder button to set a reminder in the event that the program in the selected cell is a non-current time-slot, a more information button to display additional program information for the program in the selected cell, and a lock button to prevent viewing of the program in the selected cell without a password.

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#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGURE 1 illustrates a system for displaying an EPG in accordance with the present invention;

FIGURE 2 illustrates a first embodiment of an EPG in accordance with the present invention;

FIGURE 3 illustrates a scrolling of content into the EPG of Figure 2 in accordance with the present invention.

5 FIGURE 4 illustrates an auxiliary menu for the EPG of Figure 2 in accordance with the present invention;

FIGURE 5 illustrates a second embodiment of an EPG in accordance with the present invention; and

10 FIGURE 6 illustrates an auxiliary menu for the EPG of Figure 5 in accordance with the present invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT(S)

Figure 1 illustrates system 10 for displaying an electronic programming guide (EPG) in accordance with the present invention. System 10 includes a transceiver settop box (STB) 16 to receive signals from media source 20 and to provide signals to media display 24. STB 16 can receive program signals from a cable provider and transmit program signals to a television or other media display, such as a PC, to display the program signals.

Media source 20 can be a cable television network that transmits and receives program signals to and from a programming source, such as an uplink, to 20 at least one head-end server (not shown). The head-end server can communicate the signals with STB 16. The program signals can include video signals, audio signals, and program information for all episodes and series available on a cable television network. Transmission may occur via satellite or through cables, however, the present invention is not dependent upon the particular means of transmission or 25 reception. The head-end server can include a program database that stores the program information.

STB 16 receives the program signals from media source 20 and controls which programs are displayed on associated display 24. As an alternative to the separate housing of STB 16, system components could be included in another signal reception or processing device, such as a satellite receiver, a television receiver, or a VCR. STB 16 could be eliminated and its functionality integrated with a television, a satellite receiver, or other media displaying device.

To facilitate the control of STB 16, receiver 28 can be provided for receiving remote control signals from remote control 32. Remote control 32 functions in a conventional manner, transmitting signals via infrared, radio frequency, or other signaling technology. Processor 36 can be provided to interpret and act upon the signals received from media source 20 and receiver 28, and then in turn provide the signals to media display 24 in accordance with the present invention.

As one skilled in the art will appreciate, system 10 is merely one exemplary configuration for displaying the EPG, and other configurations, including more or less components, could similarly be used without deviating from the scope and contemplation of the present invention.

The present invention is not limited to cable providers and the services which they provide. It is within the scope and contemplation of the present invention that the present invention be used with satellite systems and similar systems which provide on-demand services, including services which may operate through the Internet/world wide web.

Figure 2 illustrates EPG 40 in accordance with the present invention. EPG 40 includes an array 42 defined by a number of channels 44 and time-slots 46 which intersect at cells (only cell 48 and 50 are labeled for simplicity) to display program titles of programs which may be viewed on the indicated channel at the indicated time. Cell 48 corresponds with Fresh Prince showing on channel 399 at 7:30 p.m. Cell 50 corresponds with Cosby Show showing on channel 399 at 8:00 p.m.

Window 52 is preferably in an upper-left position of array for selecting cell 48. However, window 52 can be fixed at an upper, lower, middle, or any other position of the array. Preferably, window 52 covers a single cell. Window 52 includes first portion 56 for highlighting a channel number, a channel title and a program title. The channel number and the program title preferably appear larger than the other non-selected cells to further assist the subscriber in discriminating between selected cell 48 and non-selected cell 50.

5 Window 52 further includes second portion 60 which includes program information relating to selected cell 48. This information can be helpful  
10 to the subscriber in understanding what the program relates to. It can include, but is not limited to, a brief description of the program, a genre type, a rating, a run time, and a date and time on which the program is showing.

10 First portion 56 and second portion 60 are closely positioned to each other to facilitate the association of the program information with selected cell 48.  
15 This assists the subscriber in associating selected cell 48 with its program information 60.

Arrow control grid 66 is provided for changing the cell and time-slot selected in window 52. A corresponding navigation tool on remote control 32 can include similar arrows and an ENTER button such that the arrows can be used to  
20 navigation an UP button, a DOWN button, a LEFT button, a RIGHT button, and a Go button of arrow grid 66. The remote control buttons (not shown) can be used to highlight the different arrows of arrow grid 66. The remote control enter button can be used to actuate one of the buttons in arrow grid 66 to perform the corresponding function.

25 UP and DOWN buttons can be selected and actuated in this manner to change the selected cell up and down. Optionally, remote control 32 can further include number buttons for punching in a desired channel number such that the punched in channel automatically appears in window 52 without requiring the

subscriber to actuate the up and down arrows. This can quickly change the selected cell to another channel 44.

Similar to UP and DOWN buttons, LEFT and RIGHT buttons can be selected and actuated to move the selected cell and the time-slot 46 displayed in window 52. As shown, the time-slot default is 7:30 p.m. because it is the time period which corresponds to the actual time at which guide 40 was called up. To advance forward and backward in time, the LEFT and RIGHT buttons are actuated.

- The actuation of UP, DOWN, LEFT, and RIGHT buttons causes the content in window 52 to change in the direction indicated by the actuated arrow.
- 10 Window 52 preferably remains in a fixed position. The content from another cell is scrolled into window 52 with such movement. This scrolling is preferably done without any re-loading or refreshing, in a seamless manner, to enhance the stylistic integrity of the listings guide and to provide the appearance of continuous navigation.
- 15 Figure 3 illustrates this scrolling action. Actuation of the LEFT arrow causes the contents from cell 50 to enter window 52 while the content of cell 48 is exiting window 52. The content appears to move across EPG 40 in animation such that the content from one cell appears briefly in window 52 with the previous content in window 52. Similar movements can be made with the UP and DOWN buttons to change channel 44.

By scrolling the content into window 52, instead of moving window 52 to the content, the subscriber is able to easily determine the selected cell. The subscriber always knows where window 52 is and will not have to chase its movements around EPG 40. Window 52 could also be fixed in other positions of 25 guide and the content could be scrolled thereto in a similar manner.

Once the desired cell is selected in window 52, it can be tuned to by actuating the Go button. EPG 40 is then removed from the screen and the selected program is shown in full-screen on the media display 24. To change cells using

EPG 40, the subscriber presses a corresponding button on remote control 32, which then communicates with receiver 28 to prompt processor 36 to EPG 40.

In addition to tuning to the desired program, window 52 can provide additional functionality by actuating OPTIONS button 68. As shown in Figure 4, 5 auxiliary menu 70 appears with auxiliary buttons 76 in response to actuation of the options button. Preferably, auxiliary window 70 extends from window 52 as a pop-out window without changing or re-loading the screen.

Auxiliary menu 70 includes a BACK button, a RECORD button, an ON-DEMAND button, a GO TO SHOW button, a REMINDER button, a MORE INFO button, 10 and a LOCK button. Each button can be selected and actuated by control of the navigation buttons on remote control 32.

The BACK button takes the subscriber back to window 52 shown in Figure 2. The RECORD button allows the selected program to be stored on a personal video recorder or other recording medium. Advantageously, this feature 15 allows the user to select programs showing at a later time or date for automatic recording. Similarly, the RECORD ALL PROGRAMS button causes the recording medium to record all the episodes for the selected cell. This can comprises a weekly recording where all programs playing at the selected time and date are recorded or it can be an intelligent process where processor 36 searches for all the programs 20 having a title corresponding with the selected program such that each of the corresponding programs is recorded when it airs.

The ON-DEMAND button allows the subscriber to order the program on-demand if it is available. The Go To SHOW button allows the channel to be tuned to without navigating back to the Go button. The REMINDER button allows 25 the subscriber to set an alarm or other notification means such that the television turns on or other programming is interrupted to issue a reminder that the selected program is playing. The MORE INFO button provides additional informational information regarding the selected program. Preferably, this information is a supplement to the program information already being shown in window 52. The

LOCK button prevents viewing of the program without entering a password. In this manner, subscribers without the password cannot view the program.

As shown in Figure 2, advertising window 80 is an optional feature which allows media source 20 to program advertisements. The displayed image can 5 be static or animated. Media source 20 can control the advertised subject matter, and can relate it to selected cell 48. In addition, advertising window 80 can be selectable such that the subscriber can select window 80. By selecting window 80, the subscriber is taken to a program corresponding with the advertisements, which could be a different program, an on-demand program, or other screen/window.

10 Figure 5 illustrates another embodiment of EPG 86 in accordance with the present invention. EPG 86 is arrowless and operates in the same manner as EPG 44, except that EPG 86 does not include the navigation arrow buttons shown in EPG 44. Rather, features, such as arrows and other buttons, are included on remote control 32. These remote control features allow the subscriber to scroll 15 through array 88. For example, cells 90 and 92 can be scrolled into window 94.

Remote control 32 can further include an enter button or similar button to select the channel shown in window 94. Left and right arrows on remote control 32 can be used to change the time-slot, and up and down arrows can be used to change the channel. Once the desired cell is displayed, the enter button can be 20 actuated to select and tune the desired channel.

MORE OPTIONS button 96 can be actuated to display auxiliary menu 98, as shown in Figure 6. Auxiliary menu 98 appears on a new screen and guide 86 is removed. This is done to provide more area for menu 98 so that additional text information can be shown. A BACK button, a RECORD button, an ON-DEMAND 25 button, a Go To Show button, a REMINDER button, a MORE INFO button, and a LOCK button are displayed in menu 98. Each button can be selected and actuated by control of the navigation buttons on remote control 32. The functions of these buttons is described above.

While embodiments of the invention have been illustrated and described, it is not intended that these embodiments illustrate and describe all possible forms of the invention. Rather, the words used in the specification are words of description rather than limitation, and it is understood that various changes  
5 may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.